## Programming II (CCINF1002) 2024/2025

Model Exam	Duration: 2h
Student ID:	
Full name:	
Group 1 (50%) – C Fundamentals	
<b>1.1.</b> What will be the result of the following expression? 7 % 3	
<b>1.2.</b> What will be the result of the following expression? 5 + 6 * 3 / 4	
<b>1.3.</b> Classify each of the following 4 names: <b>yes</b> if it is a valid identifier for a variable name and <b>no</b>	if it is not.
break123 123break break _123break	
1.4. Complete the blank space so that the following code reads an integer and puts it on variable x: int x; scanf();	:
<pre>1.5. Complete the blank space so that the following code snippet prints exactly 1.50:     float f = 1.5;     printf();</pre>	
<b>1.6.</b> What is the output of the following code snippet?	
<pre>int i = 2; int j = 4; int k = ++i * j++; printf("%d %d %d\n", i, j, k);</pre>	
<pre>1.7. What is the output of the following code snippet? int a = 1; int b = 0; int c = 1; if ( (a    b) &amp;&amp; c ) printf("true"); else printf("false");</pre>	

1.8. How many times will the following code print "Hello"? **int** n = 1; **while** (n < 8) { printf("Hello"); n \*= 2; } **1.9.** What will be the value of the variable count after the following code snippet? **int** n = 5, count=0; for (int i=0; i<n; i++)</pre> for (int j=n; j>=0; j--) count++; **1.10.** What will be the value of the variable count after the following code snippet? **int** n=10, count = 0; for (int i=0; i<20; i++) {</pre> if (i>3 && i<7) continue;</pre> if (i>10) break; count++; } **1.11.** Assume the add function is defined as follows: void add(int x, int k) { x += k; } What is the output of the following code snippet? **int** x = 1, k = 2; add(x, k); printf("%d", x); **1.12.** What is the value returned by a call to foo(5)? int foo(int x) { if (x==0) return 0; else return x + foo(x-1); } **1.13.** What is the value returned by a call to secret (30, 12)? int secret(int a, int b) { int tmp; **while** (b != 0) { tmp = a % b;a = b; b = tmp;} return a; } 1.14. What is the output of the following code snippet? int a[] = {2,4,6,8}; printf("%d", a[2]); 1.15. What will be the content of array a [] after the following code snippet? **int** a[] = {5,4,3,2,1}; for (int i=1; i<5; i++) a[i] = a[i-1] + 1;</pre>

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**1.16.** Complete the blank spaces so that the following code snippet prints the number 4:

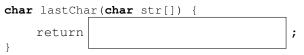
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int m[3][3] = { {1,2,3}, {4,5,6}, {7,8,9} };
printf("%d", m[]][];
```

1.17. What is the output of the following code snippet?
 char c1 = 'a';

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char c1 = c1 + 3;
printf("%c", c2);
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1.18. What is the output of the following code snippet?
 char str[] = "hello123";
 int i = 0;
 while (!isdigit(str[i])) i++;
 printf("%d", i);

**1.19.** Complete the blank space so that the following function returns the last character of a string str: (you can use string.h functions)



**1.20.** Complete the blank space so that the following function returns a *true* value if the strings *a* and *b* are equal (that is, have the same content) or a *false* value otherwise: (you can use string.h functions)

;

int	equal( <b>ch</b>	ar a[	], char	b[])	{
}	return				

## Group 2 (50%) – Creating Code

**2.1.** (11%) Write a complete C program (with *includes* and the *main* function) that reads two integers a and b and prints all the even numbers between a and b (inclusive) separated by single spaces and ended with a newline character. **Example:** If the user inputs 2 and 11, your code should print: 2 4 6 8 10

**2.2.** (11%) Write a function int count\_digits (int n, int d) that returns the number of times digit d appears in the integer n. You can be assured that d will always be an integer between 0 and 9.

Example 1: Calling count\_digits(122321, 2) should return 3 (digit 2 appears three times)
Example 2: Calling count\_digits(4242, 5) should return 0 (digit 5 does not appear)

**2.3.** (11%) Write a function void swap(int a[], int n) that receives an array a with n integers an swaps all pairs of consecutive positions, changing the array itself: the 1st element should be swapped with the 3nd element, the 3rd with the 4th, etc. If the n is odd, the last element should stay in the same position.

**Example:** Calling it with  $a = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10\}$  and n = 5 should change the contents of the array to  $\{4, 2, 8, 6, 10\}$ .

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**2.4.** (11%) Write a function int palindrome (char str[]) that receives a string str of letters and returns 1 if it is a palindrome and 0 otherwise. A string is considered a palindrome if it reads the same backwards as forwards. A lowercase letter should be considered the same as its uppercase version. (you will receive partial points if your code does not take care of mixed case strings but works if all the letters are in lower or upper ´ case)

Example 1: Calling palindrome("anna") should return 1

Example 2: Calling palindrome ("Radar") should return 1

Example 3: Calling palindrome("WoWo") should return 0

**2.5.** (6%) Consider an array h with n distinct integers representing heights of towers. For instance, the array  $h = \{7, 3, 2, 8, 1\}$  represents the figure on the right. Let's call *score*(*i*) to the distance to the closest tower that is higher than h[i], that is:

 $score(i) = min\{|i-j|: \text{for every } j \text{ such that } h[j] > h[i]\}$ 

This value of score(i) for the highest tower is 0. For the figure on the right we have:

- score(0) = 3 (the closest highest tower is on position 3 and |0 3| = 3)
- score(1) = 1 (the closest highest tower is on position 0 and |1 0| = 1)
- score(2) = 1 (the closest highest towers are on positions 1 or 3)
- score(3) = 0 (this is the highest tower)
- score(4) = 1 (the closest highest tower is on position 3 and |4-3| = 1)

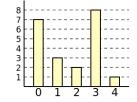
Write a **function** int total\_score(int h[], int n) that computes the total score of the array, that is, the summation of all scores. More formally, it should return  $\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} score(i)$ .

## To obtain full score your solution must be efficient in terms of computation time.

(able to solve a case with  $n = 200\,000$  in less than 1 second in a normal laptop)

**Example:** Calling it with  $h = \{7, 3, 2, 8, 1\}$  and n = 5 should return 6

(this is the example explained in the question statement)



(answer to question 2.5 - total\_score function)



I hope you have enjoyed this course and learned many new things!